
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-38083

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

Nine Greenway Plaza, Suite 1300

Houston, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

81-5365682
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

77046
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (713) 842-9050

Securities registered pursuant to section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.0001	MGY	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☒	Accelerated filer	☐
Non-accelerated filer	☐	Smaller reporting company	☐
		Emerging growth company	☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 3, 2026, there were 236,968,592 shares of Class A Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share outstanding.

GLOSSARY OF CERTAIN TERMS AND CONVENTIONS USED HEREIN

The following are definitions of certain other terms and conventions that are used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

The “Company” or “Magnolia.” Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation (either individually or together with its consolidated subsidiaries, as the context requires, including Magnolia Oil & Gas Holdings LLC, Magnolia LLC, Magnolia Intermediate, Magnolia Operating, and Magnolia Oil & Gas Finance Corp.).

“Magnolia Intermediate.” Magnolia Oil & Gas Intermediate LLC.

“Magnolia LLC.” Magnolia Oil & Gas Parent LLC.

“Magnolia LLC Units.” Units representing limited liability company interests in Magnolia LLC.

“Magnolia Operating.” Magnolia Oil & Gas Operating LLC.

“Karnes County Assets.” Certain right, title, and interest in certain oil and natural gas assets located primarily in the Karnes County portion of the Eagle Ford Shale formation in South Texas.

“Class A Common Stock.” Magnolia’s Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

“Class B Common Stock.” Magnolia’s Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

“Issuers.” Magnolia Operating and Magnolia Oil & Gas Finance Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Magnolia Operating, as it relates to the Senior Notes.

“Magnolia LLC Unit Holders.” EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-A, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-WIC, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-2A, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-3A, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-C-AIV, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership.

“RBL Facility.” Second amended and restated senior secured reserve-based revolving credit facility, entered into on November 13, 2024, by and among Magnolia Operating, as the borrower, Magnolia Intermediate, as its holding company, the banks, financial institutions, and other lending institutions from time to time party thereto, as lenders, the other parties from time to time party thereto and Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent, collateral agent, issuing bank and swingline lender.

“2032 Senior Notes.” 6.875% Senior Notes due 2032.

“OPEC.” The Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands)

	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Audited)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 295,938	\$ 266,785
Trade receivables	159,465	116,530
Joint interest receivables	29,742	33,952
Income tax receivable	—	24,291
Other current assets	3,443	877
Total current assets	488,588	442,435
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Oil and natural gas properties	5,359,857	4,957,292
Other	23,056	20,618
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	(2,783,748)	(2,553,758)
Total property, plant and equipment, net	2,599,165	2,424,152
OTHER ASSETS		
Other long-term assets	52,831	36,505
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,140,584	\$ 2,903,092
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 173,062	\$ 177,568
Other current liabilities (Note 6)	135,489	110,462
Total current liabilities	308,551	288,030
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt, net	393,636	393,251
Asset retirement obligations, net of current	189,293	186,038
Deferred tax liabilities	65,109	20,674
Other long-term liabilities	37,118	15,926
Total long-term liabilities	685,156	615,889
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 8)		
EQUITY		
Class A Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 1,300,000 shares authorized, 234,341 shares issued and 183,703 shares outstanding in 2026 and 228,908 shares issued and 181,230 shares outstanding in 2025	24	23
Class B Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 225,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding in 2026 and 5,523 shares issued and outstanding in 2025	—	1
Additional paid-in capital	1,971,371	1,903,459
Treasury Stock, at cost, 50,638 shares and 47,678 shares in 2026 and 2025, respectively	(1,010,065)	(928,662)
Retained earnings	1,187,102	966,747
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,555)	(1,610)
Noncontrolling interest	—	59,215
Total equity	2,146,877	1,999,173
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 3,140,584	\$ 2,903,092

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
REVENUES				
Oil revenues	\$ 373,759	\$ 226,345	\$ 631,088	\$ 471,879
Natural gas revenues	39,669	42,850	91,469	94,218
Natural gas liquids revenues	65,383	49,786	114,765	103,185
Total revenues	478,811	318,981	837,322	669,282
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Lease operating expenses	48,409	43,590	96,160	90,665
Gathering, transportation and processing	17,202	16,489	35,410	31,442
Taxes other than income	22,757	18,802	39,144	38,907
Exploration expenses	213	363	1,955	711
Asset retirement obligations accretion	1,862	1,563	3,719	3,119
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	116,516	107,082	229,874	212,935
General and administrative expenses	29,151	23,278	60,595	47,867
Transaction related costs	3,200	—	3,200	—
Total operating expenses	239,310	211,167	470,057	425,646
OPERATING INCOME	239,501	107,814	367,265	243,636
OTHER EXPENSE				
Interest expense, net	(6,720)	(5,604)	(12,724)	(10,856)
Other income (expense), net	(379)	(244)	(415)	971
Total other expense, net	(7,099)	(5,848)	(13,139)	(9,885)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	232,402	101,966	354,126	233,751
Income tax expense	50,626	20,938	71,514	46,075
NET INCOME	181,776	81,028	282,612	187,676
LESS: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	2,911	1,011	6,632
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CLASS A COMMON STOCK	<u>\$ 181,776</u>	<u>\$ 78,117</u>	<u>\$ 281,601</u>	<u>\$ 181,044</u>
NET INCOME PER SHARE OF CLASS A COMMON STOCK				
Basic	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.51	\$ 0.95
Diluted	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.51	\$ 0.95
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING				
Basic	184,574	186,518	183,924	187,579
Diluted	184,586	186,530	183,936	187,591
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:				
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CLASS A COMMON STOCK	<u>\$ 181,776</u>	<u>\$ 78,117</u>	<u>\$ 281,601</u>	<u>\$ 181,044</u>
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Postretirement benefits	32	—	55	—
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CLASS A COMMON STOCK	<u>\$ 181,808</u>	<u>\$ 78,117</u>	<u>\$ 281,656</u>	<u>\$ 181,044</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

**For the Three Months Ended
June 30, 2025**

	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid In Capital	Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value		Shares	Value					
Balance, March 31, 2025	228,627	\$ 23	5,523	\$ 1	\$1,878,837	40,958	\$ (773,673)	\$ 828,607	\$ —	\$1,933,795	\$ 55,529	\$1,989,324
Stock based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	—	—	—	—	6,586	—	—	—	—	6,586	195	6,781
Common stock issued related to stock based compensation and other, net	46	—	—	—	(95)	—	—	—	—	(95)	(3)	(98)
Changes in ownership interest adjustment	—	—	—	—	785	—	—	—	—	785	(785)	—
Class A Common Stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	—	2,210	(48,683)	—	—	(48,683)	—	(48,683)
Dividends declared (\$0.150 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(28,350)	—	(28,350)	—	(28,350)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,014)	(1,014)
Adjustment to deferred taxes	—	—	—	—	(165)	—	—	—	—	(165)	—	(165)
Tax impact of equity transactions	—	—	—	—	—	—	(477)	—	—	(477)	—	(477)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	78,117	—	78,117	2,911	81,028
Balance, June 30, 2025	228,673	\$ 23	5,523	\$ 1	\$1,885,948	43,168	\$ (822,833)	\$ 878,374	\$ —	\$1,941,513	\$ 56,833	\$1,998,346

**For the Three Months Ended
June 30, 2026**

Balance, March 31, 2026	234,287	\$ 24	—	\$ —	\$1,962,082	48,913	\$ (960,737)	\$1,036,099	\$ (1,587)	\$2,035,881	\$ —	\$2,035,881
Stock based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	—	—	—	—	9,401	—	—	—	—	9,401	—	9,401
Common stock issued related to stock based compensation and other, net	54	—	—	—	(112)	—	—	—	—	(112)	—	(112)
Class A Common Stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	—	1,725	(49,328)	—	—	(49,328)	—	(49,328)
Dividends declared (\$0.165 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(30,773)	—	(30,773)	—	(30,773)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	181,776	—	181,776	—	181,776
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	32	—	32
Balance, June 30, 2026	234,341	\$ 24	—	\$ —	\$1,971,371	50,638	\$ (1,010,065)	\$1,187,102	\$ (1,555)	\$2,146,877	\$ —	\$2,146,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid In Capital	Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value		Shares	Value					
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025												
Balance, December 31, 2024	228,164	\$ 23	5,523	\$ 1	\$1,880,243	38,808	\$ (721,279)	\$ 754,591	\$ —	\$1,913,579	\$ 53,747	\$1,967,326
Stock based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	—	—	—	—	11,514	—	—	—	—	11,514	340	11,854
Common stock issued related to stock based compensation and other, net	509	—	—	—	(4,810)	—	—	—	—	(4,810)	(142)	(4,952)
Modification and cash-settlement of stock based compensation	—	—	—	—	(3,157)	—	—	—	—	(3,157)	—	(3,157)
Changes in ownership interest adjustment	—	—	—	—	1,902	—	—	—	—	1,902	(1,902)	—
Class A Common Stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	—	4,360	(100,661)	—	—	(100,661)	—	(100,661)
Dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(57,261)	—	(57,261)	—	(57,261)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,842)	(1,842)
Adjustment to deferred taxes	—	—	—	—	256	—	—	—	—	256	—	256
Tax impact of equity transactions	—	—	—	—	—	—	(893)	—	—	(893)	—	(893)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	181,044	—	181,044	6,632	187,676
Balance, June 30, 2025	228,673	\$ 23	5,523	\$ 1	\$1,885,948	43,168	\$ (822,833)	\$ 878,374	\$ —	\$1,941,513	\$ 56,833	\$1,998,346
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2026												
Balance, December 31, 2025	228,908	\$ 23	5,523	\$ 1	\$1,903,459	47,678	\$ (928,662)	\$ 966,747	\$ (1,610)	\$1,939,958	\$ 59,215	\$1,999,173
Stock based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	—	—	—	—	17,514	—	—	—	—	17,514	55	17,569
Common stock issued related to stock based compensation and other, net	660	—	—	—	(8,068)	—	—	—	—	(8,068)	—	(8,068)
Changes in ownership interest adjustment	—	—	—	—	39,577	—	—	—	—	39,577	(39,577)	—
Class A Common Stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	—	2,960	(81,403)	—	—	(81,403)	—	(81,403)
Class B Common Stock purchase and cancellations	—	—	(750)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(19,793)	(19,793)
Conversion of Class B Common Stock to Class A Common Stock	4,773	1	(4,773)	(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends declared (\$0.33 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(61,246)	—	(61,246)	—	(61,246)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(911)	(911)
Adjustment to deferred taxes	—	—	—	—	(8,311)	—	—	—	—	(8,311)	—	(8,311)
Tax impact of equity transactions	—	—	—	—	27,200	—	—	—	—	27,200	—	27,200
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	281,601	—	281,601	1,011	282,612
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	55	55	—	55
Balance, June 30, 2026	234,341	\$ 24	—	\$ —	\$1,971,371	50,638	\$ (1,010,065)	\$1,187,102	\$ (1,555)	\$2,146,877	\$ —	\$2,146,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
NET INCOME	\$ 282,612	\$ 187,676
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	229,874	212,935
Asset retirement obligations accretion	3,719	3,119
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,099	1,072
Deferred income tax expense	65,086	29,153
Gain on revaluation of contingent consideration	—	(4,004)
Stock based compensation	21,885	13,852
Other	4,261	2,875
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(38,724)	(13,732)
Accounts payable	(4,593)	(15,525)
Accrued liabilities	(4,228)	13,248
Other assets and liabilities, net	20,651	(7,481)
Net cash provided by operating activities	581,642	423,188
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions	(156,209)	(39,653)
Additions to oil and natural gas properties	(253,557)	(231,455)
Changes in working capital associated with additions to oil and natural gas properties	25,208	2,770
Other investing	6,578	5,771
Net cash used in investing activities	(377,980)	(262,567)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Class A Common Stock repurchases	(82,606)	(100,932)
Class B Common Stock purchases and cancellations	(19,793)	—
Dividends paid	(61,246)	(57,261)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	(911)	(1,842)
Other financing activities	(9,953)	(8,874)
Net cash used in financing activities	(174,509)	(168,909)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	29,153	(8,288)
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of period	266,785	260,049
Cash and cash equivalents – End of period	\$ 295,938	\$ 251,761

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization and Nature of Operations

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation (either individually or together with its consolidated subsidiaries, as the context requires, the “Company” or “Magnolia”) is an independent oil and natural gas company engaged in the acquisition, development, exploration, and production of oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquid (“NGL”) reserves. The Company’s oil and natural gas properties are located primarily in the Karnes and Giddings areas in South Texas where the Company primarily targets the Eagle Ford Shale and Austin Chalk formations. Magnolia’s objective is to generate stock market value over the long term through steady organic production growth, high full cycle operating margins, an efficient capital program with short economic paybacks, significant free cash flow after capital expenditures, and effective reinvestment of free cash flow.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, certain disclosures normally included in an Annual Report on Form 10-K have been omitted. The consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Quarterly Report should be read in conjunction with the Company’s consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2025 (the “2025 Form 10-K”). Except as disclosed herein, there have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s 2025 Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, all normal, recurring adjustments and accruals considered necessary to present fairly, in all material respects, the Company’s interim financial results have been included. Operating results for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of expected results for the full year.

Certain reclassifications of prior period financial statements have been made to conform to current reporting practices. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries after elimination of intercompany transactions and balances. The Company’s interests in oil and natural gas exploration and production ventures and partnerships are proportionately consolidated. The Company reflects a noncontrolling interest representing the interest owned by the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders through their ownership of Magnolia LLC Units in the consolidated financial statements. The noncontrolling interest is presented as a component of equity. See *Note 10—Stockholders’ Equity* for further discussion of the noncontrolling interest.

Segment Information

The Company operates in one reportable segment engaged in the acquisition, development, exploration, and production of oil and natural gas properties (“Operating segment”). Magnolia’s operations are conducted predominantly in one geographic area of the United States. The Operating segment sells oil, natural gas, and NGLs which are disaggregated on the Company’s consolidated statements of operations. The profit or loss metric used to evaluate segment performance is net income reported on the Company’s consolidated statements of operations. The measure of segment assets is reported on the Company’s consolidated balance sheets as Total Assets. Significant segment expenses are the same as those in the consolidated statements of operations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As of June 30, 2026, the Company’s significant accounting policies are consistent with those discussed in *Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of its consolidated financial statements contained in the Company’s 2025 Form 10-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03 “Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses” requiring disclosure of specified information about certain costs and expenses. ASU 2024-03 is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential effect that the updated standard will have on its financial statement disclosures.

3. Revenue Recognition

Magnolia's revenues include the sale of crude oil, natural gas, and NGLs. The Company has concluded that disaggregating revenue by product type appropriately depicts how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors and has reflected this disaggregation of revenue on the Company's consolidated statements of operations for all periods presented. The Company's receivables consist mainly of trade receivables from commodity sales and joint interest billings due from owners on properties the Company operates. Receivables from contracts with customers totaled \$159.5 million as of June 30, 2026 and \$116.5 million as of December 31, 2025. For further detail regarding the Company's revenue recognition policies, please refer to *Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the consolidated financial statements contained in the Company's 2025 Form 10-K.

4. Acquisitions

During the six months ended June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025, the Company completed various bolt-on property acquisitions of certain oil and natural gas assets totaling \$156.2 million and \$39.7 million, respectively. All acquisitions were settled in cash and accounted for as asset acquisitions.

5. Fair Value Measurements

Certain of the Company's assets and liabilities are carried at fair value and measured either on a recurring or nonrecurring basis. The Company's fair value measurements are based either on actual market data or assumptions that other market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability in an orderly transaction, using the valuation hierarchy prescribed by GAAP under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investments at the measurement date are used.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the investment, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 pricing inputs include quoted prices for similar investments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the investment, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Pricing inputs are unobservable and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs used in determination of fair value require significant judgment and estimation.

The Company has other financial instruments consisting primarily of receivables, payables, and other current assets and liabilities that approximate fair value due to the nature of the instruments and their relatively short maturities. Non-financial assets and liabilities initially measured at fair value include assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations and asset retirement obligations.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

Long-Term Debt

The fair value of the 2032 Senior Notes at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025 was \$407.4 million and \$412.4 million, respectively. The fair value is based on unadjusted quoted prices in an active market, which is considered a Level 1 input in the fair value hierarchy. The carrying value of the 2032 Senior Notes, net of unamortized deferred financing costs, was \$393.6 million and \$393.3 million as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, and is included in “Long-term debt, net” on the Company’s consolidated balance sheets.

Liability-Classified Stock Based Compensation

The fair value of the liability for future cash-settled stock based compensation was \$7.6 million and \$5.6 million as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, and is included in “Other current liabilities” and “Other long-term liabilities” on the Company’s consolidated balance sheets. The fair value of the liability for future cash-settled stock based compensation is estimated using observable market data (the total shareholder return (“TSR”) of the Class A Common Stock relative to the TSR achieved by a specific industry peer group) and Monte Carlo simulation models, which is considered a Level 2 input in the fair value hierarchy.

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

Certain of the Company’s assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. Specifically, equity-classified stock based compensation is not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but is subject to fair value calculations in certain circumstances. For further detail, see *Note 11 —Stock Based Compensation*. There were no other material nonrecurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2026 or December 31, 2025.

6. Other Current Liabilities

The following table provides detail of the Company’s other current liabilities as of the periods presented:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Accrued capital expenditures	\$ 46,586	\$ 21,378
Current operating lease liabilities	19,495	18,212
Other	69,408	70,872
Total other current liabilities	\$ 135,489	\$ 110,462

7. Long-term Debt

The Company’s long-term debt is comprised of the following:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Revolving credit facility	\$ —	\$ —
Senior Notes due 2032	400,000	400,000
Total long-term debt	400,000	400,000
Less: Unamortized deferred financing cost	(6,364)	(6,749)
Long-term debt, net	\$ 393,636	\$ 393,251

Credit Facility

The original RBL Facility was entered into by and among Magnolia Operating, as borrower, Magnolia Intermediate, as its holding company, the banks, financial institutions, and other lending institutions from time to time party thereto, as lenders, the other parties from time to time party thereto and Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent, collateral agent, issuing bank, and swingline lender. On February 16, 2022, Magnolia Operating, as borrower, amended and restated the original RBL Facility in its entirety (the “2022 RBL Facility”). On November 13, 2024, Magnolia Operating, as borrower, amended and restated the 2022 RBL Facility in its entirety, providing for maximum commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion with a letter of credit facility with a \$50.0 million sublimit, with an initial borrowing base of \$800.0 million and borrowing capacity of \$450.0 million. The RBL Facility is

guaranteed by certain parent companies and subsidiaries of Magnolia LLC and is collateralized by certain of Magnolia Operating's oil and natural gas properties. The RBL Facility matures on November 13, 2029, subject to certain conditions.

Borrowings under the RBL Facility bear interest, at Magnolia Operating's option, at a rate per annum equal to either the term SOFR rate or the alternative base rate plus the applicable margin. Additionally, Magnolia Operating is required to pay a commitment fee quarterly in arrears in respect of unused commitments under the RBL Facility. The applicable margin and the commitment fee rate are calculated based upon the utilization levels of the RBL Facility as a percentage of unused lender commitments then in effect. The RBL Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants customary for financings of this type, including compliance with a leverage ratio of less than 3.50 to 1.00 and a current ratio of greater than 1.00 to 1.00. As of June 30, 2026, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the RBL Facility.

Deferred financing costs in connection with the RBL Facility are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of five years from November 2024 to November 2029 and included in "Interest expense, net" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The unamortized portion of the deferred financing costs is included in "Other long-term assets" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

The Company recognized interest expense related to the RBL Facility of \$0.8 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, and \$1.6 million for each of the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

The Company did not have any outstanding borrowings under the RBL Facility as of June 30, 2026.

Senior Notes

On November 26, 2024, the Issuers issued and sold \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2032 Senior Notes in a private placement under Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2032 Senior Notes were issued under the Indenture, dated as of November 26, 2024 (the "2032 Notes Indenture"), by and among the Issuers, the Company, the guarantors named therein, and Regions Bank, as trustee. The 2032 Senior Notes are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Company, Magnolia LLC, Magnolia Oil & Gas Holdings LLC, and Magnolia Intermediate and may be guaranteed by certain future subsidiaries of the Company. The 2032 Senior Notes will mature on December 1, 2032 and bear interest at the rate of 6.875% per annum.

Deferred financing costs are amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the 2032 Senior Notes and are included in "Interest expense, net" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The unamortized portion of the deferred financing costs is included as a reduction to the carrying value of the 2032 Senior Notes, which has been recorded as "Long-term debt, net" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

The Company recognized interest expense related to the 2032 Senior Notes of \$7.1 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, and \$14.1 million for each of the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

At any time prior to December 1, 2027, the Issuers may, on any one or more occasions, redeem all or a part of the 2032 Senior Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2032 Senior Notes redeemed, plus a "make whole" premium on accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. After December 1, 2027, the Issuers may redeem all or a part of the 2032 Senior Notes based on principal plus a set premium, as set forth in the Indenture, including any accrued and unpaid interest.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company is or may become involved in litigation in the ordinary course of business.

Certain of the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders and EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-C, L.P. (collectively the "Co-Defendants") and the Company have been named as defendants in a lawsuit where the plaintiffs claim to be entitled to a minority working interest in certain Karnes County Assets. The litigation is in the pre-trial stage. The exposure related to this litigation is currently not reasonably estimable. The Co-Defendants retain all such liability.

Matters that are probable of unfavorable outcome to Magnolia and which can be reasonably estimated are accrued. Such accruals are based on information known about the matters, Magnolia's estimates of the outcomes of such matters and its experience in contesting, litigating and settling similar matters. The Company does not believe the outcome of any such disputes or legal actions will have a material effect on its consolidated statements of operations, balance sheet, or cash flows after consideration of recorded accruals. Actual amounts could differ materially from management's estimates.

Environmental Matters

The Company, as an owner or lessee and operator of oil and natural gas properties, is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and regulations, and in certain cases permits, relating to discharge of materials into, and the protection of, the environment. These laws, regulations, and permits may, among other things, impose liability on a lessee under an oil and natural gas lease for the cost of pollution clean-up resulting from operations and subject the lessee to liability for pollution damages. In some instances, the Company may be directed to suspend or cease operations in an affected area. The Company maintains insurance coverage, which it believes is customary in the industry, although the Company is not fully insured against all environmental risks.

Contingencies

In November 2023, the Company acquired certain oil and natural gas producing properties including leasehold and mineral interests in the Giddings area. The acquisition included a maximum of \$40.0 million in additional contingent cash consideration based on future commodity prices. The contingent consideration was payable in three tranches based on average NYMEX WTI prices for (i) the period beginning July 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023, (ii) the year ending December 31, 2024, and (iii) the year ending December 31, 2025. The first tranche was settled for \$2.7 million in January 2024 and the second tranche was settled for \$2.8 million in January 2025. All of the tranches of the contingent consideration were settled as of December 31, 2025 and the final tranche did not require a payment.

The Company recognized a gain of \$2.7 million and \$4.0 million on the revaluation of the contingent consideration for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Gains and losses on revaluation are included in "Other income (expense), net" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

9. Income Taxes

The Company's income tax provision consists of the following components:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Current:				
Federal	\$ 2,146	\$ 3,854	\$ 5,997	\$ 16,000
State	284	272	431	922
Total current	2,430	4,126	6,428	16,922
Deferred:				
Federal	46,960	16,139	62,945	27,919
State	1,236	673	2,141	1,234
Total deferred	48,196	16,812	65,086	29,153
Income tax expense	\$ 50,626	\$ 20,938	\$ 71,514	\$ 46,075

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax, Texas state margin tax, and Louisiana corporate income tax. The Company estimates its annual effective tax rate in recording its quarterly provision for income taxes in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. The Company's effective tax rates for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 were 21.8% and 20.5%, respectively, and 20.2% and 19.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. The primary differences between the annual effective tax rates and the statutory rate of 21.0% are state taxes, tax credits, and income attributable to noncontrolling interest.

On July 4, 2025, the U.S. enacted legislation referred to as the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, which contains certain significant changes to U.S. corporate income tax laws and is generally effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2024. These changes include, among others, the immediate deduction of domestic research and development ("R&D") expenses, the option to retroactively deduct previously capitalized R&D expenses, and 100% bonus depreciation for property acquired after January 19, 2025. The impacts are reflected in the Company's income tax provision for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, which resulted in a decrease in current tax expense offset by an increase in deferred tax expense.

10. Stockholders' Equity

Class A Common Stock

At June 30, 2026, there were 234.3 million shares of Class A Common Stock issued and 183.7 million shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding. The holders of Class A Common Stock vote together as a single class on all matters and are entitled one vote for each share held. There is no cumulative voting with respect to the election of directors, which results in the holders of more than 50% of the Company's outstanding common shares being able to elect all of the directors. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, the holders of the Class A Common Stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining available for distribution to them after payment of liabilities and after provision is made for each class of stock, if any, having preference over the common stock. The holders of the Class A Common Stock have no preemptive or other subscription rights, and there are no sinking fund provisions applicable to such shares.

Class B Common Stock and Noncontrolling Interest

In February 2026, the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders redeemed 4.8 million Magnolia LLC Units (and a corresponding number of shares of Class B Common Stock) for an equivalent number of shares of Class A Common Stock and such shares of Class A Common Stock were subsequently sold by the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders to the public. In addition, Magnolia LLC repurchased and subsequently cancelled the remaining 0.7 million Magnolia LLC Units (and a corresponding number of shares of Class B Common Stock) owned by Magnolia LLC Unit Holders for \$19.8 million.

Noncontrolling interest in Magnolia's consolidated subsidiaries includes amounts attributable to Magnolia LLC Units that were issued to the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders. As of June 30, 2026, the aforementioned transactions eliminated the Company's noncontrolling interest and Magnolia owned 100.0% of the interest in Magnolia LLC.

Share Repurchase Program

As of June 30, 2026, the Company's board of directors had authorized a share repurchase program of up to 60.0 million shares of Class A Common Stock. In addition, the Company may repurchase shares pursuant to a trading plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which would permit the Company to repurchase shares at times that may otherwise be prohibited under the Company's Amended Insider Trading and Regulation FD Policy. The share repurchase program does not require purchases to be made within a particular time frame. The Company had repurchased 50.1 million shares under the program at a cost of \$994.7 million and had 9.9 million shares of Class A Common Stock remaining under its share repurchase authorization as of June 30, 2026.

Dividends and Distributions

The Company's board of directors periodically declares dividends payable on issued and outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock, and a corresponding distribution from Magnolia LLC to Magnolia LLC Unit Holders. Dividends in excess of retained earnings are recorded as a reduction of additional paid-in capital and distributions to the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders are recorded as a reduction of noncontrolling interest.

The following table sets forth information with respect to cash dividends and distributions declared by the Company's board of directors during the six months ended June 30, 2026 and the year ended December 31, 2025, on its own behalf and in its capacity as the managing member of Magnolia LLC, on issued and outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock and Magnolia LLC Units:

Record Date	Payment Date	Dividend/ Distribution Amount per share ⁽¹⁾	Distributions by Magnolia LLC ⁽²⁾	Dividends Declared by the Company	Distributions to Magnolia LLC Unit Holders
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>					
May 12, 2026	June 1, 2026	\$ 0.165	\$ 30,773	\$ 30,773	\$ —
February 10, 2026	March 2, 2026	\$ 0.165	\$ 31,384	\$ 30,473	\$ 911
November 10, 2025	December 1, 2025	\$ 0.150	\$ 28,583	\$ 27,754	\$ 829
August 11, 2025	September 2, 2025	\$ 0.150	\$ 28,910	\$ 28,081	\$ 829
May 12, 2025	June 2, 2025	\$ 0.150	\$ 29,179	\$ 28,350	\$ 829
February 14, 2025	March 3, 2025	\$ 0.150	\$ 29,740	\$ 28,911	\$ 829

(1) Per share of Class A Common Stock and per Magnolia LLC Unit.

(2) Reflects total cash dividend and distribution payments made, or to be made, to holders of Class A Common Stock and Magnolia LLC Unit Holders (other than the Company) as of the applicable record date.

11. Stock Based Compensation

The Company's board of directors adopted the "Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation Long Term Incentive Plan" (as amended, the "Plan"), effective as of July 17, 2018. A total of 16.8 million shares of Class A Common Stock have been authorized for issuance under the Plan as of June 30, 2026. The Company grants stock based compensation awards in the form of restricted stock units ("RSU"), performance restricted stock units ("PRSU"), and performance share units ("PSU") to eligible employees and directors to enhance the Company's ability to attract, retain, and motivate persons who make important contributions to the Company by providing these individuals with equity ownership opportunities. Shares issued as a result of awards granted under the Plan are generally new shares of Class A Common Stock. The Company's awards provide for accelerated vesting upon retirement under specific conditions.

Stock based compensation expense is recognized net of forfeitures within "General and administrative expenses" and "Lease operating expenses" on the consolidated statements of operations and was \$9.7 million and \$7.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$21.9 million and \$13.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. The Company has elected to account for forfeitures of awards granted under the Plan as they occur in determining compensation expense. The total income tax benefit recognized for stock that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 was \$6.1 million and \$3.6 million, respectively.

On February 12, 2025, certain PSUs were modified to be 50% settled in cash. In accordance with ASC 718, the Company reclassified 50% of the impacted PSUs from equity-classified awards to liability-classified awards, resulting in a reclassification of \$2.0 million from equity to liability. The modification resulted in additional compensation expense of \$0.4 million recognized within "General and administrative expenses" on the consolidated statements of operations. The modification affected three grantees.

Equity-Classified Stock Based Compensation

The following table presents a summary of Magnolia's unvested equity-classified RSU, PRSU, and PSU activity for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

	Restricted Stock Units		Performance Restricted Stock Units		Performance Share Units	
	Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2025 ⁽¹⁾	1,600,848	\$ 21.99	3,565	\$ 21.98	514,212	\$ 22.94
Granted	835,274	26.27	—	—	211,333	36.65
Adjusted for performance multiple ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—	52,553	24.69
Vested	(761,490)	21.83	(3,565)	21.98	(182,435)	24.69
Forfeited	(10,188)	23.58	—	—	—	—
Unvested at June 30, 2026	1,664,444	\$ 24.20	—	\$ —	595,663	\$ 27.43

(1) In February 2026, the Company modified the performance conditions of PSUs granted in 2024 and 2025, resulting in additional compensation expense of \$0.7 million that will be recognized prospectively over the remaining service periods. The modification affected fourteen grantees.

(2) Upon completion of the performance period for the PSUs granted in 2023, a performance multiple of 140% was applied to each of the grants resulting in additional PSUs earned in 2026.

The weighted average grant date fair values of the RSUs and PSUs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$22.82 and \$19.87 per share, respectively.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company grants service-based RSU awards to employees, which generally vest and settle ratably over a three-year service period, and to non-employee directors, which vest in full after one year. Non-employee directors may elect to defer the RSU settlement date. RSUs represent the right to receive shares of Class A Common Stock at the end of the vesting period equal to the number of RSUs that vest. RSUs are subject to restrictions on transfer and are generally subject to a risk of forfeiture if the award recipient ceases to be an employee or director of the Company prior to vesting of the award. Compensation expense for the service-based RSU awards is based upon the grant date market value of the award and such costs are recorded on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award, as if the award was, in-substance, multiple awards. The aggregate fair values of RSUs that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 were \$21.7 million and \$11.9 million, respectively. Unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs as of June 30, 2026 was \$27.4 million, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of 2.1 years.

Performance Restricted Stock Units and Performance Share Units

The Company previously granted PRSUs to certain employees. Each PRSU represents the contingent right to receive one share of Class A Common Stock once the PRSU is both vested and earned. PRSUs generally vest and settle either ratably over a three-year service period or at the end of a three-year service period, in each case, subject to the recipient's continued employment or service through each applicable vesting date. Each PRSU is earned based on whether Magnolia's stock price achieves a target average stock price for any 20 consecutive trading days during the five-year performance period ("Performance Condition"). If PRSUs are not earned by the end of the five-year performance period, the PRSUs will be forfeited and no shares of Class A Common Stock will be issued, even if the vesting conditions have been met. Compensation expense for the PRSU awards is based upon the grant date fair market value of the award, calculated using a Monte Carlo simulation, and such costs are recorded on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award, as if the award was, in-substance, multiple awards, as applicable. The aggregate fair value of PRSUs that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025 was \$0.1 million and \$5.4 million, respectively.

The Company grants equity-classified PSUs to certain employees. Each equity-classified PSU, to the extent earned, represents the contingent right to receive one share of Class A Common Stock and the awardee may earn between zero and 200% of the target number of the equity-classified PSUs granted based on the total shareholder return (“TSR”) of the Class A Common Stock relative to the TSR achieved by a specific industry peer group over a three-year performance period. In addition to satisfaction of the TSR conditions, vesting of the equity-classified PSUs is subject to the awardee’s continued employment through the date of settlement of the equity-classified PSUs (unless an employee elects to retire under certain qualifying conditions), which will occur within 60 days following the end of the performance period. The aggregate fair value of equity-classified PSUs that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$4.8 million. Unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested equity-classified PSUs as of June 30, 2026 was \$7.1 million, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of 2.0 years.

The following table summarizes the Monte Carlo simulation assumptions used to calculate the grant date fair value of the equity-classified PSUs granted during the respective periods.

Equity-classified PSU Grant Date Fair Value Assumptions	Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Expected term (in years)	2.90	2.88
Expected volatility	33.20%	38.62%
Risk-free interest rate	3.48%	4.28%
Dividend yield	2.87%	2.37%

Liability-Classified Stock Based Compensation

The following table presents a summary of Magnolia’s unvested liability-classified PSU activity for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

	Performance Share Units
Unvested at December 31, 2025	280,459
Granted	101,620
Adjusted for performance multiple ⁽¹⁾	27,343
Vested	(94,921)
Forfeited	—
Unvested at June 30, 2026	314,501

(1) Upon completion of the performance period for the PSUs granted in 2023, a performance multiple of 140% was applied to each of the grants resulting in additional PSUs earned in 2026.

Performance Share Units

The Company grants liability-classified PSUs to certain employees. Each liability-classified PSU, to the extent earned, represents the contingent right to receive cash in lieu of each share of Class A Common Stock and the awardee may earn between zero and 200% of the target number of liability-classified PSUs granted based on the TSR of the Class A Common Stock relative to the TSR achieved by a specific industry peer group over a three-year performance period. In addition to satisfaction of the TSR conditions, vesting of the liability-classified PSUs is subject to the awardee’s continued employment through the date of settlement of the liability-classified PSUs (unless an employee elects to retire under certain qualifying conditions), which will occur within 60 days following the end of the performance period. The aggregate fair value of liability-classified PSUs that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$2.3 million. Unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested liability-classified PSUs as of June 30, 2026 was \$2.3 million, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of 1.5 years.

The following table summarizes the Monte Carlo simulation assumptions used to remeasure the fair value of the liability-classified PSUs during the six months ended June 30, 2026.

Liability-classified PSU Remeasurement Fair Value Assumptions	June 30, 2026
Expected term (in years)	0.5 - 2.51
Expected volatility	32.42% - 35.97%
Risk-free interest rate	3.93% - 4.06%
Dividend yield	2.30%

12. Earnings Per Share

The Company's unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are deemed participating securities, and therefore dividends and net income allocated to such awards have been deducted from earnings in computing basic and diluted net income per share under the two-class method. Diluted net income per share attributable to Class A Common Stock is calculated under both the two-class method and the treasury stock method and the more dilutive of the two calculations is presented.

The components of basic and diluted net income per share attributable to Class A Common Stock are as follows:

<i>(In thousands, except per share data)</i>	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Basic:				
Net income attributable to Class A Common Stock	\$ 181,776	\$ 78,117	\$ 281,601	\$ 181,044
Less: Dividends and net income allocated to participating securities	2,442	999	4,069	2,601
Net income, net of participating securities	<u>\$ 179,334</u>	<u>\$ 77,118</u>	<u>\$ 277,532</u>	<u>\$ 178,443</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period - basic	184,574	186,518	183,924	187,579
Net income per share of Class A Common Stock - basic	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.51	\$ 0.95
Diluted:				
Net income attributable to Class A Common Stock	\$ 181,776	\$ 78,117	\$ 281,601	\$ 181,044
Less: Dividends and net income allocated to participating securities	2,442	999	4,069	2,601
Net income, net of participating securities	<u>\$ 179,334</u>	<u>\$ 77,118</u>	<u>\$ 277,532</u>	<u>\$ 178,443</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period - basic	184,574	186,518	183,924	187,579
Add: Dilutive effect of stock based compensation and other	12	12	12	12
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period - diluted	184,586	186,530	183,936	187,591
Net income per share of Class A Common Stock - diluted	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.51	\$ 0.95

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company excluded 1.3 million of weighted average shares of Class A Common Stock issuable upon the exchange of Class B Common Stock (and corresponding Magnolia LLC Units) as the effect was anti-dilutive. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company excluded 5.5 million of weighted average shares of Class A Common Stock issuable upon the exchange of Class B Common Stock (and corresponding Magnolia LLC Units) as the effect was anti-dilutive.

13. Related Party Transactions

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, there were no material related party transactions with an entity that held more than 10% of the Company's common stock or qualified as a principal owner of the Company, as defined in ASC 850, "Related Party Disclosures."

14. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow disclosures are presented below:

(In thousands)	Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Supplemental cash items:		
Cash paid (received) for income taxes, net	\$ (19,065)	\$ 8,400
Cash paid for interest	14,636	14,573
Supplemental non-cash investing and financing activity:		
Accrued capital expenditures	46,586	34,515
Supplemental non-cash lease operating activity:		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations	28,544	19,184

15. Subsequent Events

WildFire Acquisition

On July 19, 2026 (the “WildFire Execution Date”), Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation and Magnolia Operating entered into that certain Purchase and Sale Agreement (the “WildFire Purchase Agreement,” and the transactions contemplated thereby, the “WildFire Acquisition”) with WildFire Energy I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, pursuant to which Magnolia Operating agreed to acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests of WildFire Intermediate Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “WildFire Acquisition”). The transaction is valued at approximately \$4 billion. It was unanimously approved by the Magnolia’s Board of Directors. See *Item 1A. Risk Factors* for a discussion of risks related to the WildFire Acquisition.

The WildFire Acquisition will be funded with approximately \$2.65 billion cash consideration, 32.2 million shares of Class A Common Stock, and the assumption of \$600 million of WildFire’s 7.50% Senior Notes due 2029 (the “WildFire Notes”). The cash consideration will be comprised of cash on hand, the net proceeds from the issuance of the 2034 Senior Notes and the July 2026 Equity Offering, and borrowings under the Company’s revolving credit facility, each discussed below.

The WildFire Purchase Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants by each of Magnolia and WildFire Seller (on behalf of itself and certain of its to be acquired subsidiaries). The WildFire Acquisition has an effective date of June 1, 2026 and is expected to close within approximately 45 days following the WildFire Execution Date, subject to satisfaction or waiver of certain customary closing conditions, including the accuracy of the representations and warranties of each party, compliance by each party in all material respects with its covenants and the expiration or early termination of the waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the “HSR Act”). The WildFire Purchase Agreement contains certain customary termination rights.

Third Amended and Restated RBL Facility

On July 19, 2026, Magnolia Operating executed a third amendment and restatement of its senior secured reserve-based revolving credit facility (the “Amended and Restated RBL Facility”) that amends the RBL Facility in its entirety, which upon the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the execution and delivery of definitive documentation with respect to the Amended and Restated RBL Facility and the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition, will provide for, among other things, maximum commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2.25 billion with a letter of credit facility with a \$100 million sublimit and a swingline facility with a \$50 million sublimit, with an initial borrowing base of \$2 billion and borrowing capacity of \$1.75 billion that are subject to adjustments to the extent oil and gas assets are excluded from the WildFire Acquisition, and extend the maturity date to the earlier of (x) the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated RBL Facility and (y) the date that is 91 days prior to the stated maturity date of the WildFire Notes (or, to the extent earlier than the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated RBL Facility, the date that is 91 days prior to the stated maturity date of any indebtedness that refinances the WildFire Notes and that is permitted under the Amended and Restated RBL Facility) if the outstanding aggregate principal amount of such notes equals or exceeds \$100 million on such date.

Bridge Facility Commitment Letter

On July 19, 2026, Magnolia Operating entered into a commitment letter (the “Commitment Letter”) among Magnolia Operating and the lenders party thereto, pursuant to which the lenders committed to provide up to \$1.50 billion of senior unsecured

loans under a senior 364-day unsecured bridge term loan facility (the “Bridge Facility”), subject to certain conditions. The Bridge Facility was intended solely as a backstop source of financing to support the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition in the event that permanent financing could not be obtained on acceptable terms. Because Magnolia Operating has obtained the financing necessary to fund the WildFire Acquisition, it does not expect to borrow under the Bridge Facility. Any borrowing under the Bridge Facility would have been subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the execution and delivery of definitive documentation and the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition.

Equity Offering

On July 22, 2026, the Company completed an underwritten public offering of 53.3 million shares of its Class A Common Stock in which the Company received net cash proceeds of approximately \$1.2 billion after underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company intends to use the net proceeds from this equity offering to fund a portion of the aggregate purchase price of the WildFire Acquisition or, if the WildFire Acquisition is not consummated, for general corporate purposes, including repayment of outstanding indebtedness and to fund capital expenditures.

Senior Notes Issuance

On August 5, 2026, Magnolia Operating and Magnolia Oil & Gas Finance Corp. issued \$500 million of 6.625% senior notes due 2034 (the “2034 Senior Notes”) in a 144A private placement. The 2034 Senior Notes were issued at par resulting in aggregate net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$492.5 million after deducting the debt issuance costs (excluding estimated offering expenses). The Company intends to use the net proceeds from the 2034 Senior Notes to fund a portion of the purchase price of the WildFire Acquisition. The 2034 Senior Notes mature on August 15, 2034 and pay interest at the rate of 6.625% per year, payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year. If (i) the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition does not occur on or before March 19, 2027 or (ii) prior thereto, Magnolia Operating notifies the trustee of the 2034 Senior Notes that it will not pursue the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition, Magnolia Operating will be required to redeem all notes then outstanding at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date upon which such notes will be redeemed.

Derivatives

Subsequent to June 30, 2026, the Company entered into costless collar derivative contracts for a portion of the Company’s expected oil production. Production covered under these contracts includes 3.2 million barrels of oil in 2026 and 2.7 million barrels of oil in 2027, with established weighted average floor prices of \$72.14 and \$70.00 per barrel respectively, and weighted average ceiling prices of \$91.09 and \$83.28 per barrel, respectively.

Dividend Announcement

On July 29, 2026, the Company’s board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.18 per share of Class A Common Stock payable on September 1, 2026 to shareholders, as applicable, as of August 10, 2026.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). All statements other than statements of historical facts included or incorporated by reference in this report, including, without limitation, statements regarding the Company’s future financial position, business strategy, budgets, projected revenues, projected costs, and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, the Company’s management. In addition, forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “may,” “will,” “could,” “expect,” “intend,” “project,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “plan,” “believe,” or “continue” or similar terminology. Although Magnolia believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company’s expectations include, but are not limited to, Magnolia’s assumptions about:

- legislative, regulatory, or policy changes, including those following the change in presidential administrations;
- the market prices of oil, natural gas, natural gas liquids (“NGLs”), and other products or services;

- the supply and demand for oil, natural gas, NGLs, and other products or services, including impacts of actions taken by OPEC and other state-controlled oil companies;
- production and reserve levels;
- the timing and extent of the Company's success in discovering, developing, producing and estimating reserves;
- geopolitical and business conditions in key regions of the world;
- drilling risks;
- economic and competitive conditions;
- the availability of capital resources;
- capital expenditures and other contractual obligations;
- weather conditions;
- inflation rates;
- the availability of goods and services;
- cybersecurity threats, including increased use of artificial intelligence technologies;
- the occurrence of property acquisitions or divestitures;
- the actual consummation of the WildFire Acquisition and the expected timetable for completion thereof, the results, effects and benefits of the WildFire Acquisition, future opportunities for the Company, other plans and expectations with respect to the WildFire Acquisition, and the anticipated impact of the WildFire Acquisition on the Company's results of operations, financial position, growth opportunities and competitive position;
- the integration of acquisitions, including the WildFire Acquisition; and
- the securities or capital markets and related risks such as general credit, liquidity, market, and interest-rate risks.

All of Magnolia's forward-looking information is subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results expected. Although it is not possible to identify all factors, these risks and uncertainties include the risk factors and the timing of any of those risk factors identified this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the reports that the Company has filed and may file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2025 (the "2025 Form 10-K").

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto.

Overview

Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation (the "Company" or "Magnolia") is an independent oil and natural gas company engaged in the acquisition, development, exploration, and production of oil, natural gas, and NGL reserves that operates in one reportable segment located in the United States. The Company's oil and natural gas properties are located primarily in the Karnes and Giddings areas in South Texas, where the Company primarily targets the Eagle Ford Shale and the Austin Chalk formations. Magnolia's objective is to generate stock market value over the long term through consistent organic production growth, high full cycle operating margins, an efficient capital program with short economic paybacks, significant free cash flow after capital expenditures, and effective reinvestment of free cash flow. The Company's allocation of capital prioritizes reinvesting in its business to achieve moderate and predictable annual volume growth balanced with returning capital to its shareholders through dividends and share repurchases.

Magnolia's business model prioritizes prudent and disciplined capital allocation, free cash flow, and financial stability. The Company's ongoing plan is to spend within cash flow on drilling and completing wells while maintaining low financial leverage. The Company's gradual and measured approach toward the development of the Giddings area has created operating efficiencies leading to higher production.

Market Conditions Update

Commodity prices continue to experience volatility driven by geopolitical conflict, evolving global supply-demand dynamics, and macroeconomic uncertainty. Most notably, the military conflict involving Iran has materially disrupted global energy markets, including significantly constraining the movement of global crude oil and refined product exports through the Strait of Hormuz. These developments, together with the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict, OPEC and OPEC+ production decisions, and changes in sanctions and trade restrictions affecting major oil-producing countries such as Russia, Iran, and Venezuela, have increased the risk of supply interruptions and contributed to substantial price volatility and uncertainty in global energy markets.

The macroeconomic and geopolitical environment remains uncertain and continues to evolve. In combination with geopolitical risks — including sanctions regimes, trade restrictions, tariff policies that remain subject to legal, regulatory, and policy uncertainty, and the potential for prolonged or expanded disruptions to global energy supply chains — these conditions continue to increase uncertainty with respect to commodity prices, operating costs, and capital availability. The Company continues to closely monitor developments in geopolitical conditions, international trade relations, tariff policies, and energy market dynamics, any of which could adversely affect operating results, financial condition, and future cash flows.

Business Overview

As of June 30, 2026, Magnolia's assets in South Texas included 60,187 gross (40,135 net) acres in the Karnes area, and 742,202 gross (562,544 net) acres in the Giddings area. As of June 30, 2026, Magnolia held an interest in approximately 2,920 gross (1,983 net) wells, with total production of 106.1 thousand and 104.3 thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively.

Magnolia recognized net income attributable to Class A Common Stock of \$181.8 million and \$281.6 million, or \$0.97 and \$1.51 per diluted common share, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively. Magnolia recognized net income of \$181.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026. Magnolia recognized net income of \$282.6 million, which includes noncontrolling interest of \$1.0 million related to the Magnolia LLC Units (and corresponding shares of Class B Common Stock) held by certain affiliates of EnerVest, Ltd., for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company declared and paid cash dividends and distributions totaling \$62.2 million.

As of June 30, 2026, the Company's board of directors had authorized a share repurchase program of up to 60.0 million shares of Class A Common Stock. The program does not require purchases to be made within a particular timeframe. The Company had repurchased 50.1 million shares under the program at a cost of \$994.7 million and had 9.9 million shares of Class A Common Stock remaining under its share repurchase authorization as of June 30, 2026.

As of June 30, 2026, Magnolia owned 100.0% of the interest in Magnolia LLC.

Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 Compared to the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

Oil, Natural Gas and NGL Sales Revenues

The following table provides the components of Magnolia's revenues for the periods indicated, as well as each period's respective average prices and production volumes. This table shows production on a boe basis in which natural gas is converted to an equivalent barrel of oil based on a ratio of six Mcf to one barrel. This ratio may not be reflective of the current price ratio between the two products.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
<i>(In thousands, except per unit data)</i>				
Production:				
Oil (MBbls)	3,809	3,639	7,470	7,156
Natural gas (MMcf)	18,201	16,820	35,584	33,313
NGLs (MBbls)	2,812	2,496	5,484	4,920
Total (Mboe)	9,654	8,939	18,885	17,628
Average daily production:				
Oil (Bbls/d)	41,855	39,990	41,269	39,536
Natural gas (Mcf/d)	200,016	184,840	196,599	184,048
NGLs (Bbls/d)	30,898	27,432	30,300	27,182
Total (boe/d)	106,089	98,229	104,336	97,394
Production (% of total):				
Oil	40 %	41 %	40 %	41 %
Natural gas	31 %	31 %	31 %	31 %
NGLs	29 %	28 %	29 %	28 %
Revenues:				
Oil revenues	\$ 373,759	\$ 226,345	\$ 631,088	\$ 471,879
Natural gas revenues	39,669	42,850	91,469	94,218
Natural gas liquids revenues	65,383	49,786	114,765	103,185
Total revenues	\$ 478,811	\$ 318,981	\$ 837,322	\$ 669,282
Revenues (% of total):				
Oil	78 %	71 %	75 %	71 %
Natural gas	8 %	13 %	11 %	14 %
NGLs	14 %	16 %	14 %	15 %
Average Price:				
Oil (per barrel)	\$ 98.13	\$ 62.20	\$ 84.49	\$ 65.94
Natural gas (per Mcf)	2.18	2.55	2.57	2.83
NGLs (per barrel)	23.25	19.94	20.93	20.97

Oil revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$147.4 million higher than the three months ended June 30, 2025. A 58% increase in average prices increased second quarter 2026 revenues by \$130.8 million compared to the same period in the prior year, and a 5% increase in oil production increased revenues by \$16.6 million. Oil revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$159.2 million higher than for the six months ended June 30, 2025. A 28% increase in average prices increased revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2026 by \$132.7 million compared to the same period in the prior year, and a 4% increase in oil production increased revenues by \$26.5 million.

Natural gas revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$3.2 million lower than the three months ended June 30, 2025. A 14% decrease in average prices decreased second quarter 2026 revenues by \$6.2 million compared to the same period in the prior year, partially offset by an 8% increase in natural gas production that increased revenues by \$3.0 million. Natural gas revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$2.7 million lower than the six months ended June 30, 2025. A 9% decrease in average prices decreased revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2026 by \$8.5 million compared to the same period in the prior year, partially offset by a 7% increase in natural gas production that increased revenues by \$5.8 million.

NGL revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$15.6 million higher than the three months ended June 30, 2025. A 17% increase in average prices increased second quarter 2026 revenues by \$8.3 million compared to the same period in the prior year, and a 13% increase in NGL production increased revenues by \$7.3 million. NGL revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$11.6 million higher than the six months ended June 30, 2025, almost entirely due to an increase in NGL production.

Operating Expenses and Other Expense

The following table summarizes the Company's operating expenses and other expense for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
<i>(In thousands, except per unit data)</i>				
Operating Expenses:				
Lease operating expenses	\$ 48,409	\$ 43,590	\$ 96,160	\$ 90,665
Gathering, transportation and processing	17,202	16,489	35,410	31,442
Taxes other than income	22,757	18,802	39,144	38,907
Exploration expenses	213	363	1,955	711
Asset retirement obligations accretion	1,862	1,563	3,719	3,119
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	116,516	107,082	229,874	212,935
General and administrative expenses	29,151	23,278	60,595	47,867
Transaction related costs	3,200	—	3,200	—
Total operating expenses	\$ 239,310	\$ 211,167	\$ 470,057	\$ 425,646
Other Expense:				
Interest expense, net	\$ (6,720)	\$ (5,604)	\$ (12,724)	\$ (10,856)
Other income (expense), net	(379)	(244)	(415)	971
Total other expense, net	\$ (7,099)	\$ (5,848)	\$ (13,139)	\$ (9,885)
Average Operating Costs per boe:				
Lease operating expenses	\$ 5.01	\$ 4.88	\$ 5.09	\$ 5.14
Gathering, transportation and processing	1.78	1.84	1.88	1.78
Taxes other than income	2.36	2.10	2.07	2.21
Exploration expenses	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.04
Asset retirement obligations accretion	0.19	0.17	0.20	0.18
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	12.07	11.98	12.17	12.08
General and administrative expenses	3.02	2.60	3.21	2.72
Transaction related costs	0.33	—	0.17	—

Lease operating expenses are costs incurred in the operation of producing properties, including expenses for utilities, direct labor, water disposal, workover rigs, workover expenses, materials, and supplies. Lease operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$4.8 million, or \$0.13 per boe, higher than the three months ended June 30, 2025. Lease operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$5.5 million higher, and \$0.05 per boe lower, than the six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase in both periods were due to higher workover activity and an increase in surface repair and maintenance and compression associated with higher well count.

Gathering, transportation and processing ("GTP") costs are costs incurred to deliver oil, natural gas, and NGLs to the market. These expenses can vary based on the volume of oil, natural gas, and NGLs produced as well as the cost of commodity processing.

The GTP costs for the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$0.7 million higher, and \$0.06 per boe lower, than the three months ended June 30, 2025. The GTP costs for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$4.0 million, or \$0.10 per boe, higher, than the six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase in GTP costs in both periods was driven by higher production and changes to certain gathering and processing contracts, which resulted in a higher portion of Magnolia's GTP costs being recognized as expense versus a reduction to Magnolia's natural gas revenues.

Taxes other than income include production, ad valorem, and franchise taxes. These taxes are based on rates primarily established by state and local taxing authorities. Production taxes are based on the market value of production. Ad valorem taxes are based on the fair market value of the mineral interests or business assets. Taxes other than income for the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$4.0 million, or \$0.26 per boe, higher than the three months ended June 30, 2025. Taxes other than income for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$0.2 million higher, and \$0.14 per boe lower, than the six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase in taxes other than income was primarily due to an increase in production taxes due to higher oil prices, partially offset by severance tax refunds and a decrease in ad valorem taxes as a result of lower market valuations.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A") during the three months ended June 30, 2026 was \$9.4 million, or \$0.09 per boe, higher than the three months ended June 30, 2025. DD&A for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$16.9 million, or \$0.09 per boe, higher than the six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase in DD&A was primarily due to higher production. The slight increase in the DD&A rate period over period was primarily due to acquisitions made during 2026.

General and administrative expenses ("G&A") consists primarily of salaries and related benefits, stock based compensation, office rent, legal and consulting fees, system costs and other administrative costs incurred. The table below reflects the Company's G&A for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
General and administrative expenses	\$ 20,336	\$ 16,848	\$ 40,496	\$ 35,545
Stock based compensation	8,815	6,430	20,099	12,322
Total general and administrative expenses	\$ 29,151	\$ 23,278	\$ 60,595	\$ 47,867

G&A during the three months ended June 30, 2026 were \$5.9 million, or \$0.42 per boe, higher, than the three months ended June 30, 2025. G&A expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$12.7 million, or \$0.49 per boe, higher than the six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase in G&A was primarily due to increased stock based compensation expense as a result of higher grant date fair values, accelerated vesting of certain awards, and changes in expected payouts for the Company's performance share unit awards. Other increases in G&A were primarily due to increased professional service fees, payroll costs, and rent expense.

Transaction related costs incurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 relate to the WildFire Acquisition.

Income Tax Expense

The following table summarizes the Company's income tax expense for the periods indicated.

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Current income tax expense	\$ 2,430	\$ 4,126	\$ 6,428	\$ 16,922
Deferred income tax expense	48,196	16,812	65,086	29,153
Income tax expense	\$ 50,626	\$ 20,938	\$ 71,514	\$ 46,075

For the three months ended June 30, 2026, income tax expense was \$29.7 million higher than the three months ended June 30, 2025 driven by a \$31.4 million increase in deferred income tax expense and offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in current income tax expense. Income tax expense during the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$25.4 million higher compared to the six months ended June 30, 2025, driven by a \$35.9 million increase in deferred income tax expense and offset by a \$10.5 million decrease in current income tax expense. The increase in total tax expense was primarily due to an increase in income before income taxes. Accelerated deductions as a result of the passage of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act resulted in lower current tax expense and higher deferred tax expense. See *Note 9—Income Taxes* in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further detail.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Magnolia's primary source of liquidity and capital has been its cash flows from operations. The Company's primary uses of cash have been for development of the Company's oil and natural gas properties, returning capital to shareholders, bolt-on acquisitions of oil and natural gas properties, and general working capital needs.

The Company may also utilize borrowings under other various financing sources available to Magnolia, including the RBL Facility and the issuance of equity or debt securities through public offerings or private placements, to fund Magnolia's acquisitions and long-term liquidity needs. Magnolia's ability to complete future offerings of equity and debt securities and the timing of these offerings will depend upon various factors, including prevailing market conditions and the Company's financial condition. The Company anticipates its current cash balance, cash flows from operations, and its available sources of liquidity to be sufficient to meet the Company's cash requirements.

As of June 30, 2026, the Company had \$400.0 million of principal debt related to the 2032 Senior Notes outstanding and no outstanding borrowings related to the RBL Facility. As of June 30, 2026, the Company had \$745.9 million of liquidity comprised of the \$450.0 million of borrowing capacity under the RBL Facility, and \$295.9 million of cash and cash equivalents.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2026, Magnolia had \$295.9 million of cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are maintained with various financial institutions in the United States. Deposits with these institutions may exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. However, the Company regularly monitors the financial stability of its financial institutions and believes that the Company is not exposed to any significant default risk.

Sources and Uses of Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following table presents the sources and uses of the Company's cash and cash equivalents for the periods presented:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
SOURCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 581,642	\$ 423,188
USES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Acquisitions	\$ (156,209)	\$ (39,653)
Additions to oil and natural gas properties	(253,557)	(231,455)
Changes in working capital associated with additions to oil and natural gas properties	25,208	2,770
Class A Common Stock repurchases	(82,606)	(100,932)
Class B Common Stock purchases and cancellations	(19,793)	—
Dividends paid	(61,246)	(57,261)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	(911)	(1,842)
Other	(3,375)	(3,103)
Net uses of cash and cash equivalents	(552,489)	(431,476)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 29,153	\$ (8,288)

Sources of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Operating cash flows are the Company's primary source of liquidity and are impacted, in the short-term and long-term, by oil and natural gas prices. The factors that determine operating cash flows are largely the same as those that affect net earnings, with the exception of certain non-cash expenses such as DD&A, stock based compensation, amortization of deferred financing costs, asset retirement obligations accretion, and deferred taxes.

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$581.6 million and \$423.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, cash provided by operating activities primarily increased due to higher oil prices and increased production.

Uses of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Acquisitions

The Company made individually insignificant bolt-on acquisitions totaling \$156.2 million and \$39.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Additions to Oil and Natural Gas Properties

The following table sets forth the Company's capital expenditures for the periods presented:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Drilling and completion	\$ 124,964	\$ 95,247	\$ 253,651	\$ 225,686
Leasehold acquisition costs	165	5,040	(94)	5,769
Total capital expenditures	\$ 125,129	\$ 100,287	\$ 253,557	\$ 231,455

During the second quarter of 2026, Magnolia operated two rigs. The number of operated drilling rigs is largely dependent on commodity prices and the Company's strategy of maintaining spending to accommodate the Company's business model. The Company's ongoing plan is to continue to spend within cash flow on drilling and completing wells while maintaining low financial leverage.

Capital Requirements

As of June 30, 2026, the Company's board of directors had authorized a share repurchase program of up to 60.0 million shares of Class A Common Stock. The program does not require purchases to be made within a particular time frame and whether the Company undertakes these additional repurchases is ultimately subject to numerous considerations, market conditions, and other factors. During each of the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, the Company repurchased 3.0 million and 4.4 million shares for a total cost of approximately \$81.4 million and \$100.7 million, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, Magnolia LLC repurchased and subsequently canceled 0.7 million Magnolia LLC Units with an equal number of shares of corresponding Class B Common Stock for \$19.8 million of cash consideration. As of June 30, 2026, Magnolia owned 100.0% of the interest in Magnolia LLC.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company declared and paid cash dividends to holders of its Class A Common Stock totaling \$61.2 million. Additionally, \$0.9 million was distributed to the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company declared and paid cash dividends to holders of its Class A Common Stock totaling \$57.3 million. Additionally, \$1.7 million was distributed to the Magnolia LLC Unit Holders. The amount and frequency of future dividends is subject to the discretion of the Company's board of directors and primarily depends on earnings, capital expenditures, debt covenants, and various other factors.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

For variable rate debt, interest rate changes generally do not affect the fair market value of such debt, but do impact future earnings and cash flows, assuming other factors are held constant. The Company is subject to market risk exposure related to changes in interest rates on borrowings under the RBL Facility. Interest on borrowings under the RBL Facility is based on the SOFR rate or alternative base rate plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2026, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the RBL Facility.

Commodity Price Risk

Magnolia's primary market risk exposure is to the prices it receives for its oil, natural gas, and NGL production. The prices the Company ultimately realizes for its oil, natural gas, and NGLs are based on a number of variables, including prevailing index prices attributable to the Company's production and certain differentials to those index prices. Pricing for oil, natural gas, and NGLs has historically been volatile and unpredictable, and this volatility is expected to continue in the future. The prices the Company receives for production depend on factors outside of its control, including physical markets, supply and demand, financial markets, and national and international policies. A \$1.00 per barrel increase (decrease) in the weighted average oil price for the six months ended June 30, 2026 would have increased (decreased) the Company's revenues by approximately \$14.9 million on an annualized basis and a \$0.10 per Mcf increase (decrease) in the weighted average natural gas price for the six months ended June 30, 2026 would have increased (decreased) the Company's revenues by approximately \$7.1 million on an annualized basis.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, Magnolia has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including Magnolia's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of June 30, 2026. Based on such evaluation, Magnolia's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that as of such date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by it in reports that it files under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure and is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the system of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2026 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See *Part I, Item 1, Note 8—Commitments and Contingencies* to the consolidated financial statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

From time to time, the Company is party to certain legal actions and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. While the outcome of these events cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not currently expect these matters to have a materially adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the below, please refer to *Part I, Item 1A—Risk Factors* of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 ("2025 Form 10-K"), and *Part I, Item 3—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk* of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on Magnolia's business, results of operations, or financial condition. Except as provided below, there have been no material changes to the Company's risk factors since its 2025 Form 10-K. Additional risk factors not presently known to the Company or that the Company currently deems immaterial may also impair its business, results of operations, or financial condition.

Risks Related to the WildFire Acquisition

The WildFire Acquisition is subject to a number of conditions to the obligations of Magnolia and WildFire Energy I LLC (the "WildFire Seller") to complete such acquisition, which, if not fulfilled, or not fulfilled in a timely manner, may result in termination of the WildFire Purchase Agreement.

The WildFire Purchase Agreement contains a number of conditions to the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition, including, among others:

- the expiration or termination of the applicable waiting period under the HSR Act (“HSR Approval”);
- the absence of orders or injunctions that prohibit the consummation of the applicable acquisition;
- subject to certain exceptions, the accuracy of representations and warranties with respect to Magnolia’s businesses and the WildFire Seller’s business, including, with respect to the WildFire Seller, representations and warranties regarding ownership and operation of the Seller, which generally must be true and correct as of the closing of the WildFire Purchase Agreement except for inaccuracies that would not, in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect; and
- subject to specified materiality thresholds in the WildFire Purchase Agreement, the aggregate values of title defects (less any offsetting title benefits), environmental defects, casualty losses, and exclusions related to the exercise of third-party consents or preferential purchase rights applicable to the WildFire Seller shall not exceed 15% of the unadjusted aggregate purchase price.

If any of these conditions are not satisfied or waived prior to October 13, 2026 (or if all such conditions other than the HSR Approval are satisfied or waived by October 13, 2026, prior to March 12, 2027), it is possible that the WildFire Purchase Agreement may be terminated. The WildFire Purchase Agreement may also be subject to termination if at any time a final, non-appealable order or injunction prohibits the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition. In addition, satisfying the conditions to and the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition may take longer and could cost more than Magnolia or the WildFire Seller expects. Many of the conditions to the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition are not within Magnolia’s control or the WildFire Seller’s control, and the parties cannot predict when or if these conditions will be satisfied. Any delay in completing the WildFire Acquisition may adversely affect the cost savings and other benefits that Magnolia expects to achieve if the WildFire Acquisition and the integration of the parties’ respective businesses are completed within the expected timeframe.

If the WildFire Acquisition is consummated, Magnolia may be unable to successfully integrate WildFire into the business or achieve the anticipated benefits of the WildFire Acquisition.

Magnolia’s ability to achieve the anticipated benefits of the WildFire Acquisition will depend in part upon whether the Company can integrate WildFire into the existing business in an efficient and effective manner. Magnolia may not be able to accomplish this integration process successfully. The successful acquisition of producing properties, including WildFire, requires an assessment of several factors, including:

- recoverable reserves;
- future natural gas and oil prices and their appropriate differentials;
- availability and cost of transportation of production to markets;
- availability and cost of drilling equipment and of skilled personnel;
- development and operating costs including access to water and potential environmental and other liabilities; and
- regulatory, permitting and similar matters.

The accuracy of these assessments is inherently uncertain. In connection with these assessments, Magnolia has performed a review of the subject properties that the Company believes to be generally consistent with industry practices. The review was based on the Company’s analysis of historical production data, assumptions regarding capital expenditures and anticipated production declines. Data used in such review was furnished by the WildFire Seller or obtained from publicly available sources. Magnolia’s review may not reveal all existing or potential problems or permit the Company to fully assess the deficiencies and potential recoverable reserves for all of the acquired properties, and the reserves and production related to the WildFire Seller may differ materially after such data is reviewed further by Magnolia. Inspections will not always be performed on every well, and environmental conditions or issues are not necessarily observable even when an inspection is undertaken. Even when issues are identified, the WildFire Seller may be unwilling or unable to provide effective contractual protection against all or a portion of the underlying deficiencies. Magnolia is often not entitled to contractual indemnification for environmental liabilities and acquire properties on an “as is” basis, and, as is the case with certain liabilities associated with WildFire, Magnolia is entitled to indemnification for only certain environmental liabilities. The integration process may be subject to delays or changed circumstances, and Magnolia can give no assurance that WildFire will perform in accordance with the Company’s expectations or that the Company’s expectations with respect to integration or cost savings as a result of the WildFire Acquisition will materialize.

In addition, to the extent the WildFire Acquisition is not consummated, the proceeds from this offering will be applied to reduce indebtedness which may ultimately be reborrowed.

Magnolia will incur significant transaction costs in connection with the WildFire Acquisition.

Magnolia has incurred and is expected to continue to incur a number of non-recurring costs associated with the WildFire Acquisition, combining the operations of WildFire with the Company and realizing the expected benefits. A substantial majority of non-recurring expenses will consist of transaction costs and include, among others, fees paid to financial, legal, accounting and other

advisors. Although the Company expects that the elimination of duplicative costs, as well as the realization of expected benefits related to the integration of WildFire, should allow Magnolia to offset these transaction costs over time, this net benefit may not be achieved in the near term or at all.

Securities class action and derivative lawsuits may be brought against us in connection with the WildFire Acquisition, which could result in substantial costs.

Securities class action lawsuits and derivative lawsuits are often brought against public companies that have entered into acquisition, merger or other business combination agreements. Even if such a lawsuit is without merit, defending against these claims can result in substantial costs and divert management time and resources. An adverse judgment could result in monetary damages, which could have a negative impact on the Company's liquidity and financial condition.

The pendency of the WildFire Acquisition could adversely affect Magnolia's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The pendency of the WildFire Acquisition could cause disruptions in Magnolia's business, which could have an adverse effect on Magnolia's business, results of operations and financial condition. In particular, the attention of Magnolia's management may be directed towards the WildFire Acquisition, including obtaining required approvals and other transaction-related considerations and may be diverted from our day-to-day business operations, and matters related to the WildFire Acquisition may require commitments of time and resources that could otherwise have been devoted to other opportunities that might have been beneficial to the Company. Any of these matters could adversely affect Magnolia's business, or harm our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows, even after the WildFire Acquisition is consummated.

The benefits attributable to the WildFire Acquisition may vary from expectations.

Magnolia may fail to realize the anticipated benefits expected from the WildFire Acquisition. The success of the WildFire Acquisition will depend, in significant part, on Magnolia's ability to successfully integrate WildFire, grow the Company's revenue and realize the anticipated strategic benefits from the WildFire Acquisition. Magnolia believes that the addition of WildFire will complement the Company's strategy by developing high-quality, low-cost assets. This growth and the anticipated benefits of the WildFire Acquisition may not be realized fully or at all or may take longer to realize than expected. Actual operating, technological, strategic and revenue opportunities, if achieved at all, may be less significant than expected or may take longer to achieve than anticipated. Additionally, the integration process may result in the disruption of ongoing business and there could be potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen expenses associated with the WildFire Acquisition that were not discovered in the course of performing due diligence. The integration may also require significant time and focus from management following the WildFire Acquisition which may disrupt Magnolia's business and results of operations. If the Company is not able to realize the anticipated benefits expected from the WildFire Acquisition within the anticipated timing or at all, its business and operating results may be adversely affected.

The market price for Magnolia's Class A Common Stock following the closing of the WildFire Acquisition may be affected by factors different from those that historically have affected or currently affect Magnolia's Class A Common Stock.

Magnolia's financial position may differ from the Company's financial position before the completion of the WildFire Acquisition, and the results of operations of the Company following the consummation of the WildFire Acquisition may be affected by some factors that are different from those currently affecting the Company's results of operations. Accordingly, the market price and performance of Magnolia's Class A Common Stock is likely to be different from the performance of Magnolia's Class A Common Stock in the absence of the WildFire Acquisition. In addition, general fluctuations in stock markets could have a material adverse effect on the market for, or liquidity of, Magnolia's Class A Common Stock, regardless of the Company's actual operating performance.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets forth the Company's share repurchase activities for each period presented:

Period	Number of Shares of Class A Common Stock Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares of Class A Common Stock Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Maximum Number of Shares of Class A Common Stock that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program ⁽¹⁾
January 1, 2026 - March 31, 2026	1,235,000	\$ 25.97	1,235,000	11,638,131
April 1, 2026 - April 30, 2026	435,000	\$ 29.56	435,000	11,203,131
May 1, 2026 - May 31, 2026	715,000	28.85	715,000	10,488,131
June 1, 2026 - June 30, 2026	575,000	27.55	575,000	9,913,131
Total	2,960,000	\$ 27.50	2,960,000	9,913,131

(1) The Company's board of directors has authorized a share repurchase program of up to 60.0 million shares of Class A Common Stock. The program does not require purchases to be made within a particular time frame.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, outside of the share repurchase program, Magnolia LLC repurchased and subsequently canceled a total of 0.7 million Magnolia LLC Units with an equal number of shares of corresponding Class B Common Stock for cash consideration of \$19.8 million at an average price of \$26.39 per share. For further detail, see *Note 10—Stockholders' Equity* in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Trading Arrangements

During the three months ended June 30, 2026, no director or officer of Magnolia adopted, modified, or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or any non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, as each term is defined in Item 408(a) and (c) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1*†	<u>Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of July 19, 2026 by and among Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation and Magnolia Oil & Gas Operating LLC, as buyers, and WildFire Energy I LLC, as seller (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.1 file with the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2026 (File No. 001-38083)).</u>
3.1*	<u>Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, dated as of July 31, 2018 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 6, 2018 (File No. 001-38083)).</u>
3.2*	<u>Bylaws of the Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.3 filed with the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on April 17, 2017 (File No. 333-217338)).</u>
4.1*	<u>Indenture, dated as of August 5, 2026, by and among Magnolia Oil & Gas Operating LLC, Magnolia Oil & Gas Finance Corp., the Guarantors named therein and Regions Bank, as trustee (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 file with the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 5, 2026 (File No. 001-38083)).</u>
10.1*	<u>Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 19, 2026, by and among Magnolia Oil & Gas Intermediate LLC, Magnolia Oil & Gas Operating LLC, the banks, financial institutions and other lending institutions party thereto, and Citibank, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 file with the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2026 (File No. 001-38083)).</u>
31.1**	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
31.2**	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.1***	<u>Certifications Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
101.INS**	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104**	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

* Incorporated herein by reference as indicated.

** Filed herewith.

*** Furnished herewith.

† Certain schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. A copy of any omitted schedule or exhibit will be furnished supplemental to the SEC upon request.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MAGNOLIA OIL & GAS CORPORATION

Date: August 6, 2026

By: /s/ Christopher Stavros

Christopher Stavros

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 6, 2026

By: /s/ Brian Corales

Brian Corales

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Christopher Stavros, Chief Executive Officer of Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2026

By: /s/ Christopher Stavros

Christopher Stavros
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Brian Corales, Chief Financial Officer of Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2026

By: /s/ Brian Corales

Brian Corales
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), we, Christopher Stavros and Brian Corales, Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, respectively, of the Company, certify, in the capacity and on the date indicated below, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 6, 2026

By: /s/ Christopher Stavros

**Christopher Stavros
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)**

Date: August 6, 2026

By: /s/ Brian Corales

**Brian Corales
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)**